

# National Republican.

VOL. I.

WASHINGTON, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1861.

NO. 239.

## NATIONAL REPUBLICAN.

From Yesterday's Evening Edition.

### Important From Richmond!

#### Rumors of the Death of Jefferson Davis Confirmed.

From several sources we have confirmation of the rumors of the death of Jefferson Davis. It is said that on Monday the news of his death reached Manassas Junction, and that the army was in mourning. The immediate cause of his death is said to have been congestive chills.

### Important From General Rosecranz!

#### He is Advancing to Give Battle to Wise and Floyd's Command.

This morning the Government received a telegram from General Rosecranz, embracing information that he was then with a considerable portion of his command, at a point halfway between Bulltown and Flatwoods, on his way to attack Wise and Floyd, or either of them who might be in the vicinity of Summerville or Gauley's Bridge. He started from Clarksburg (his headquarters) upon this expedition, leaving an ample force to protect the Cheat Mountain pass, in Lee's front.

### OVER THE RIVER.

#### Munson's Hill Reported Taken!

The firing on the opposite side of the river was continued at intervals during the greater portion of last night, and our troops were kept ready in case of a sudden attack. We were informed by a messenger this morning that four of our men were killed during the day and night, two of them belonging to the Fourteenth New York regiment, and two to the Michigan Second. The enemy, it seems, take every opportunity to fire on our pickets, who are in very close proximity to their lines.

It was currently reported around the War Department to-day that Munson's Hill was taken possession of by our troops at an early hour this morning with considerable loss on both sides. The rumor is generally credited, but as yet we have not been able to verify it to the truth of the statement.

### Bombardment of Galveston!

#### Brisk Action between the U. S. Steamer South Carolina and the Rebel Batteries!!

#### BAD FIRING OF THE ENEMY!!

The Navy Department is in receipt of official communications from James Alden, commanding U. S. Steamer South Carolina, to the flag officer commanding the Gulf blockading Squadron, G. Vinton, Aug. 10, already mentioned by a Galveston paper, in which he reports that on the 31st instant a short but lively affair took place between the United States steamer South Carolina and two batteries near to and back of the city of Galveston. The official report states that the city is at the mercy of the blockading fleet. In reference to the brush on the 31st, it says, as one of our tenders was returning from a cruise to the southward, in charge of Mr. Rodney Baxter, acting master, she found herself, early in the morning, near two of the rebel batteries, which shortly opened fire upon her, which was returned by the steamer in a gallant manner, and after exchanging a few shots she bore off, and reported the facts to the acting master.

It was thought best not to engage their batteries, believing the whole affair might have been a misunderstanding or accident. Mr. J. Alden, commanding, waited all day for some explanation or disavowal on the part of the authorities, but none came; on the contrary, steam was raised on the General Rusk, a large sea steamer, which has been preparing for some time, and, with other demonstrations, it was deemed satisfactory that they were making ready for a brush. As the General Rusk approached the bar, our steamer gave chase, but she was as quick as our steamer, and ran back with all speed. She attempted it the second time; but, after that, was content to go in and watch the result out of harm's way. Our steamer then resumed her course, and stood towards the batteries, but were no sooner in range than they opened fire upon us, when the action became general. After exchanging some fifteen shots with them, we withdrew, satisfied we were doing more damage to the city than to the batteries.

Their firing was extremely bad, not one of their shots having touched us. The only information received from the city on the subject, was a very insulting letter got up in the shape of a protest, remonstrating against the acts of commander Alden, and signed by all the foreign consuls at Galveston. A few days afterwards a crew of our tender went down the coast in pursuit of fresh provisions, when they were informed that a captain of a company or captain of a gun and others in one of the batteries, were killed in the attack of the 31st instant; also that one of our shells went into the middle of the town, but from some cause or other did not burst.

### Correspondence Between a Sister of Col. Cameron and Gen. Beauregard.

The following correspondence is published in the Richmond *Whig*:

Washington, July 26, 1861.  
Gen. Beauregard, commander of Confederate army.—Dear Sir: With a grieved and torn heart I address you. If it is in your power, will you give a word of comfort to a distressed spirit? I allude to the death of the gallant Col. Cameron, of the Federal army, on last Sunday, 21st July. We are all God's creatures, alike in his sight. It is a bereaved sister that writes this. The fate of his body is the grief to him who has become of it. Think of the distress of a like nature in Southern families, and let us forgive as we hope to be forgiven.

All that we have been able to learn is, that Col. Cameron was carried to a farm-house near the scene of battle. He had letters in his pocket declaring his name and station. He was rather a large man, with sandy hair, some gray, dressed in gray clothes. Have mercy on the bowed spirit that laments for the beloved lost—that would be comforted to know he had received decent burial. Notwithstanding the war, we are brothers. "God prosper the righteous cause." In pity have inquiries made for the love a sister bears a brother, and may God show you mercy in times of trouble.

Should your noble spirit grant my request, and if by inquiry, you can receive any information, please have a letter addressed to Mrs. Sarah Z. Evans, No. 553 Capitol Hill, Washington city, care of Adams Express Company. Very respectfully, your well-wisher,  
SARAH Z. EVANS.

Please favor me so far as to have the letter acknowledged as received.  
SARAH Z. EVANS.

### HEADQUARTERS FIRST CORPS,

#### ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.

Manassas, Aug. 3, 1861.  
MADAM: Your letter of the 25th ultimo has been received, making some inquiries relative to the body of your late brother, Colonel Cameron, United States army, killed at Manassas on the 21st ultimo. In answer, I will state that upon inquiry, I find he was interred with several other bodies in a grave about 200 yards from the house of a Mrs. Dugan, on the battlefield, who attended herself to this duty—forgetting in her goodness of heart that these very foes had brought destruction and desolation upon her home and friends—and that they had crossed into her country for the purpose of subverting its institutions, and the form of Government had been chosen, as a free people, to establish for itself. Indeed, I fully agree with you. May all the distresses this unholy war be visited upon the heads of those who are responsible for it, and may the Almighty Ruler of the universe, in His infinite goodness and wisdom, (continue to) prosper the righteous cause!

A gentleman of this State, Mr. Kinlaw Fauntleroy, a private in Colonel Stuart's cavalry brigade, has in his possession a miniature portrait of Col. Cameron and wife, which he tends to return to their friends after the war; for at present no intercourse of the kind is admissible between the two contending parties.

With much respect, I remain your most obedient servant.  
G. T. BEAUREGARD, Gen. Comd'g.  
Mrs. S. Z. Evans, No. 553 Capitol Hill, Washington, D. C.

### FROM NEW ORLEANS.

A friend has favored us with the following extracts from a private letter dated New Orleans, August 3:

"We are drinking rain water without ice, have no butter, and will very soon be compelled to do without potatoes."  
"We were lately invited to a dinner presentation; but just at the hour for the ceremony to take place, the military were called to another part of the city to suppress a mob of blacks and Germans, with the result I have not heard. I wish had left here in the night, for now my money is beyond my reach, and I am compelled to remain. What a glorious thing is secession in prospect! How much more glorious is starvation in possession!"

Another letter from the head of the same family illustrates the genuine secession spirit and idea, as follows:

"We are in the midst of summer's heat. The city remains healthy so far. Should we have fevers, with a scant supply of ice, it will be pretty severe; but we will not complain; we should not be worthy to be free if not willing to suffer."  
"From all I can gather, the feeling of united resistance gathers strength every day. Every regiment from our correspondents scattered throughout the Southwest, breathes the same determined spirit. The whole country is in arms with all the weapons they can muster, and men as well as the frontier life, whose aim will sweep off the officers of the North, will be found in every ambuscade, on every hill top, and at every point, to harass and perplex and kill. The questions of difference are no longer discussed. We have raised our banner, and inscribed upon it 'eternal separation from the North, and freedom to govern ourselves.' These are the rights we claim. If not granted, let come what may, we shall defend our principles with all the power given us—with a firm reliance on that God whose protecting hand was not invoked or recognized in vain in the Declaration of Independence of our fathers."  
"Death may be our fate in God's providence, but subjugation or submission, never! Let the North remember this, that seven of eight men capable of bearing arms in the South are in arms, and they must be destroyed; then the Republicans may erect what Government they please; but not until more than 500,000 men, brave over the sun upon fighting for their homes and all they hold sacred, have been crushed and despatched—when they are all conquered. But the thing is impossible; we can die, but cannot be conquered; ten millions of men fighting on their own soil, fighting for their rights and homes, which they love, enlivened by civilization and Christianity, never were, never can be conquered."

SOLDIERS' POCKET BIBLES.—The American Tract Society have published copies of the original "Soldiers' Pocket Bible," issued for the use of the army of Oliver Cromwell, prepared in 1642, with the approbation of Cromwell, and circulated extensively among his soldiers. It contains extracts from various parts of the Bible suitable to all seasons of a soldier's life. *Leicester Herald*, Aug. 27.

Samuel B. Hersh, Esq., president of the City Council of Cincinnati, died last week.

### SETTLEMENT OF ACCOUNTS BETWEEN SETTLERS AND SOLDIERS.—The publication of the following regulations of the War Department will prove interesting to both settlers and volunteers:

"The 28th paragraph of the Regulations, which forbids settlers to 'keep ardent spirits, or other intoxicating drinks,' is absolute, and admits of no exception; and a violation of it not only subjects the offender to the penalty which the Regulations prescribe, but also, within the Indian country, renders him amenable to the act of Congress of June 30, 1834, regulating intercourse with the Indian tribes."

"No settler shall sell to an enlisted man, on credit, to a sum exceeding one-third of his monthly pay within the same month, without the written sanction of the company commander, or the commanding officer of the post or station, if the man does not belong to the company; and not exceeding one-half of the monthly pay with such permission."

"Three days before the last of every month the settler shall render, for verification to the company commander, or to the commanding officer, as the case may be, according to the meaning of the preceding paragraph, a written and separate account in such case of any charges he may have against enlisted men for collection, and the officer shall submit the account to the soldier for acknowledgment and signature, and witness the same. In the case of death, desertion, or removal from the post (of the soldier) the account will be rendered immediately. If the soldier dispute the account and the settler insist, and in the case of death and desertion, the settler will be required to establish the account by affidavit endorsed on it before any officer authorized to administer the debt. Such verification will establish the debt. Debts thus verified as due the settler are to be noted on the muster rolls, and will be paid by the paymaster out of the arrearages due to the soldier at the time of death, desertion, discharge, or sentence of court-martial; the sums due the Government and landress being first paid."

"All accounts of settlers against enlisted men which are not collected at the pay table—as of those who have died, deserted, or been removed beyond the reach of the settler—after being duly audited as above, will be entered on the next succeeding muster-roll, or on the descriptive roll, or certificate of discharge, as the case may be, and the same shall be retained from any balance due the soldier, after deducting liabilities and stoppages for the Government and landress, and be paid to the settler on application to the Second Auditor of the Treasury, through the Paymaster General."

### UNION LANCERS.

Colonel E. J. Player, of Iowa, late Brigadier General under the late celebrated General Bem, in the Hungarian war in 1849, has been commissioned by the President of the United States to raise and organize the first regiment of the Regular Lancers in the army of the United States.

The Government deserves well for availing itself of the opportunity to introduce into the existing army of the Union this novel and very effective branch of the military service, under the immediate command of Col. Player, who combines theoretical knowledge of all the branches of military science, and particularly that of light cavalry, is thoroughly conversant with, and possesses practical experience of, the duties of lancers, which he acquired in many hard-fought battles, on the plains of Hungary, while defending freedom's cause in that country.

Honoring Col. Player's patriotism in this country, as evinced by him in editorials of his papers, which he has been publishing with signal ability, and devoted to the cause of freedom and equal rights, developing his energy and talent for military service, the undersigned accepted with alacrity a subordinate rank on Col. Player in the regiment of Lancers (or Hussars) now being organized under his command, and as a commander, whose highest ambition is to enlist in the people's cause this peculiar species of arms, and to demonstrate the efficiency and superiority over other branches of cavalry, and thereby contribute to the speedy overthrow of the existing rebellion which is tarnishing the fair fame of popular institutions of the United States. Animated with these sentiments and convictions, I appeal to all of you, patriotic fellow citizens of the Union, as well as experienced officers and soldiers of the United States, to join the Lancers, and in the European wars, in behalf of freedom, and invite you to join the Lancers, and be organized, to grasp the lances adorned with tri-colored flags, display their shining points, the most effective arms in cavalry charges, and let us complete the organization of the regiment, and hurry on to the field of battle and victory.

Knowing from personal experience the superior usefulness of the lance, and its adaptability in this wide-spread country, I have the conviction under so auspicious a standard, convinced that laurels of victory will be gathered in battles, and individual distinctions gained in conflicts with rebellious cohorts bent upon the subversion of popular rights and inauguration of anarchy.

By orders of my commander, I shall be, in a few days, at Union's hotel, in New York city, where I shall be happy to meet all persons desirous to enlist in the Lancers.

Major ALEX. MALASKI,  
Formerly Captain in Polish and Hungarian Lancers.

All patriotic Editors of papers favoring the enlistment are solicited to copy the foregoing.

### Order of Gen. Scott.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY,  
Washington, Sept. 3, 1861.

General Orders, No. 16.

The General in Chief is happy to announce that the Treasury Department, to meet the demands of the troops, is about to supply, beside coin, as heretofore, Treasury notes in fives, tens, and twenties, as good as gold at all banks and Government offices throughout the United States, and most convenient for transmission by mail from officers and men to their families at home. Good husbands, fathers, sons, and brothers, serving under the Stars and Stripes, will thus soon have the ready and safe means of relieving an immense amount of suffering which could not be reached with coin.

In making up such packages, every officer may be relied upon, no doubt, for such assistance as may be needed by his men.

By command of Lieut. Gen. Scott,  
E. D. TOWNSEND,  
Assistant Adjutant General.

Colonel Saml B. Hersh, of Cincinnati, has been arrested in that city by the military authorities.

### BY TELEGRAPH.

#### Interesting From the South!

#### Great Excitement for Fear of the Yankees, Etc.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 4.—A copy of the Richmond *Dispatch*, received by the flag of truce, at Old Point, yesterday, contains the following items of news:

A dispatch from Charleston, S. C., dated Sunday night, says: "A brig, laden with coffee, run the blockade on Sunday morning; also another vessel, with fruit."

The ship *Gondar*, from Liverpool, arrived at Beaufort last week.

The ship *Alliance*, which arrived at Beaufort last week, is spoken of by the Richmond *Enquirer* as laden with arms, ammunition, thread, quack-salves, etc."

The Richmond *Dispatch* says: "We may, in a few days, expect General Beauregard and Johnson's report of the battle of Manassas." The Petersburg (Va.) *Express*, of Monday, gives an account of the taking of Forts Hatteras and Clark, and says a portion of the wounded escaped on a steambot. It gives the number of killed and wounded at about eighty; adding, those that escaped contend that the magazine exploded. The *Express*, however, doubts this story, and remarks, "Our latest advices from North Carolina are up to a o'clock last night. At that hour it was known in Goldsborough that a formidable Yankee fleet was in sight off Fort Mearns, which commands the entrance to Beaufort (N. C.) harbor, and is spoken of as the most formidable fortification on the North Carolina coast."

An attack was expected on Monday morning. The garrison is well prepared for assault, and will resist with a determination and daring worthy of the glorious cause in which they are engaged."

The excitement throughout North Carolina and Eastern Virginia is intense. It was rumored that Washington, (North Carolina), had been destroyed by the Yankees.

No mention is made by the "Dispatch" of the illness of Jefferson Davis; but contains his proclamation again calling Congress together, (on the third instant), on account of the failure to deliver to the President for his signature the bill continuing the military appointments.

The Hatteras Rebel Prisoners on the Hulk of the *Brandywine*.

[Special dispatch to the National Republican.]  
NEW YORK, Sept. 4.—It has been determined to put the rebel prisoners, captured at Hatteras Inlet, upon the hulk of the old frigate *Brandywine*, now lying at the Brooklyn navy yard.

### IMPORTANT FROM MISSOURI.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 4.—The North *American* of this morning, contains an important dispatch from Missouri, in which it is stated that McCullough has retreated to Arkansas, and that all the rebel wounded have been removed from Springfield, where only a portion of Gen. McBride's division remained.

It is further stated, that on Thursday, Gen. Price was moving toward Jefferson City—the seat of the State Government—with ten or twelve thousand men.

### Decision in Regard to the Pennsylvania Volunteers.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Sept. 2.—The State authorities have decided that the volunteer regiments accepted barely by the War Department are not entitled to commissions from the State; that their families are not entitled to the relief fund, and that pensions to their widows and children are not provided by the State laws.

### Vermont Election.

MONTPELIER, September 3.—The State election today passed off quietly. The vote was unusually small. Twenty-seven towns heard from. Holbrook, Republican, 6,697; Smalley, Union Democrat, 1,890; Tracy, Brookbridge Democrat, 811. Of the 47 representatives chosen, 32 are Republicans and 15 Union candidates.

### Municipal Election.

WILMINGTON, DEL., Sept. 3.—The city election here today resulted in the whole Union ticket being elected. Vincent C. Gilpin was re-elected Mayor by 772 majority out of 1,300 votes.

### Arrival of the California Steamer Northern Light.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.—The steamer *Northern Light* has arrived again in safety from Aspin wall with treasure, from California, amounting to \$750,000 in gold.

### Western Virginia.

WHEELING, Sept. 3.—The expedition which left here Sunday night to ascertain the character of the rebel gathering in Marion county returned here today. They report that the outbreak has been magnified in importance. Before the Union troops reached Wheeling, which is some distance across the country from the railroad, the secessionists had disappeared.

### A Fight Between Secessionists and Union Men.

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 3.—A letter from Dublin, Graves county, in this State, says that two brothers named Bailey, armed with bowie-knives, killed Buck Smith and Bill Sherwell in a quarrel which arose from a political contention. The Baileys were Union men.

### DISPLACED CONFIDENCE IN THE REBEL CAUSE.

From the Raleigh *Standard*.

We learn, on good authority, that Commodore Barron, of the Confederate navy has been assigned to duty by President Davis, on the coast of North Carolina and Virginia. With arms at already at his command, in connection with our land batteries on the coast, it is thought that he will give the Yankees a warm reception. It will be seen from this that the Confederate Government has assumed entire control of our "coast defenses," and to ally all anxiety on the subject we can assure our friends on the sea coast and elsewhere, that Gov. Clark is omitting no opportunity, but is employing all the means at his command to have them rendered not only secure against attack, but prepared thoroughly for offensive operations.

Aside from the above, it is quite certain the rebels at Hatteras had entire confidence in their works at that point; so much so, that they sent a boat to Fortress Monroe that they were ready, and invited an attack. So we were informed by one of the officers of the expedition.

### PAPER HANGING.

#### NEW PAPER-HANGING STORE!

#### FRANCIS WILLNER, UPHOLSTERER!

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN FRENCH, ENGLISH, & AMERICAN Paper-Hangings and Window Shades, No. 305 New York Avenue, between Tenth and Eleventh streets, Washington, D. C.

All work promptly attended to, and satisfaction guaranteed.

### HOUSE DECORATORS.

We would respectfully notify all in want of an Upholsterer or Paper Hanger that we are prepared to execute all work entrusted to us in the most superior manner and on the shortest possible notice. All work done by us is under our own immediate supervision, and satisfaction is guaranteed in every case.

JOSEPH T. K. PLANT & CO.  
No. 305 D Street, bet. Ninth and Tenth.  
Refer to Messrs. Louis F. Perry & Co., Dealers in Carpets, Oil Cloths, &c., corner of Ninth Street and Pennsylvania Avenue.

### INTERIOR ADORNMENTS.

486. 486.

### PAPER HANGINGS.

OF ALL GRADES AND PRICES! Warranted Gold Band Window Shades, Buff, Green, and Blue Holland Shades, all sizes, made to order.

Also, a handsome assortment of Picture Cord and Tassels, all sizes and colors.  
Purchasing for cash, and allowing no old stock to accumulate, persons needing the above goods will find it to their advantage to give us a call.  
All work executed and supervised by practical men, who have served a regular apprenticeship at their trade.  
Satisfaction guaranteed, or no pay required.  
Please give us a call. Remember the number.  
JOHN MARKRITER,  
No. 100 Seventh Street.  
Eight doors above Old Fellows' Hall.

### DENTISTRY.

#### TEETH! TEETH! M. D.

The inventor and patentee of the Mineral Plate Teeth, attends personally at his office in the city. Many persons can wear these teeth who cannot wear others, and no person can wear others who cannot wear these.

Persons calling at my office can be accommodated with any style and price of Teeth they may desire; but to those who are particular, and wish the purest, cleanest, strongest, and most perfect denture that art can produce, the Mineral Plate will be more fully warranted.

Rooms in this city—No. 335 Pennsylvania Avenue, between Ninth and Tenth streets. Also, 907 Arch Street, Philadelphia.

### DR. LOCKWOOD continues the practice

of Pennsylvania Avenue and Seventh Street, having practiced in the South nearly sixteen years. He is assured that he can give satisfaction to any that may call.

Teeth inserted on VULCANITE, RUBBER, or GOLD PLATE. Chloroform administered when desired.

### R. FINLEY HUNT, DENTIST.

No. 310 Penna. Ave., bet. 9th and 10th streets, WASHINGTON, D. C.

### CREAM ALE! CREAM ALE!

The subscriber has the pleasure of informing the public that he has become agent for the sale of the famous Cream Ale, brewed at Waterville, Me., and bottled by all who have tried it, as a nutritive, refreshing, and wholesome beverage. He has also been appointed sole agent for the sale of the famous Philadelphia Sparkling Ale. The above beverages need no commendation from the subscriber, but he needs to give notice to those who have never tested their merits for the excellence of these ales, and satisfy themselves, not only of the excellence of these ales, but of the promptness of the agent in executing their orders.

MOSSES SAMSTAG,  
No. 48 Seventh Street, opposite the Post Office.

### COLUMBIAN COLLEGE.

The Preparatory Department opens its session on Wednesday, September 10th. The Classes in the Philosophical and Classical Departments have their first exercises Wednesday, September 20th.

For catalogues, or further information, apply to G. W. SAMSON, D. D., President.

### IMPORTANT TO INVENTORS.—ROBERT

W. FENWICK, Inventor of the Scientific American Patent Agency of Messrs. Munroe & Co., and for more than ten years officially connected with said firm, and with extensive experience of fourteen years in every branch relating to the Patent Office, and the interest of inventors.

### COUNSELLOR AND PATENT A-GENT.

Office, Washington, D. C., northeast corner of Seventh and F streets, second story, directly opposite the Patent Office.

From Hon. Charles Mason, late Commissioner of Patents.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 4, 1860.  
Learning that R. W. Fenwick, Esq., is about to open an office in this city, as a Solicitor of Patents, I cheerfully state that I have long known him as a gentleman of large experience in such matters, of prompt and accurate business habits, and of undoubted integrity. As such, I commend him to the inventors of the United States.

CHARLES MASON.

### LAFAYETTE INSTITUTE.—A School for

YOUNG LADIES.  
367 1st Street, between 10th and 11th.  
Session will commence on MONDAY, September 10th. Circulars at Bookstores. Reference is made to resident Clergymen, Senators, Post, Foster, Harris, Wade, Trumbull, Harlan, and others.

L. C. LOOMIS, A. M., Principal.

### THE WEST-EN ACADEMY.

No. 377 L. cor. of Seventh and D streets, (recently under the care of Dr. Loomis) will be reopened Monday, the 23rd of September.

Application may be made at Dr. Towles', No. 400 Fourth Street, Judiciary Square.  
Aug 28.—T. T. S. JOSHUA O. COLBURN.

### PURE COUNTRY MILK.

The subscriber delivers Pure Country Milk, morning and evening, as usual, to his customers. Strangers coming to Washington for the first time, who are in need of pure milk, can have their orders promptly attended to by applying at this office.

DAVID MILLER.

### SCHOOL-ROOM WANTED, or a very

small house, furnished or unfurnished, in any location where a school for young children of both sexes would be patronized. It must have a good yard and water. Address, with full particulars, to rent, at, school room, at the office of this paper.

### DONNELLY'S UNION HOUSE.

WINE ROOMS.  
No. 415 Thirteenth Street, near Penna. Avenue, WASHINGTON, D. C.  
Choice Sleeping Apartments by the Day, Week or Month.

### CARRIAGES, HARNESS.

#### THE LARGEST COACH FACTORY IN

#### WASHINGTON.

Sixty Carriages Now on Hand, and for Sale!

Those in want of a Buggy, Rockaway, or Carriage of any description, should not fail to call and examine my assortment before purchasing. My vehicles are all made of the best material, in the latest styles, and by the best workmen this country can produce, and I will sell them at as low prices as the quality of the work can be purchased for in any of the Northern cities.

### VEHICLES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Made to order at the shortest notice, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Repairing promptly attended to.

Southwest corner Pennsylvania Avenue, April 6—ly and Thirteen and a half street.

### PRIME TRUNK, SADDLE,

#### HARNESS MANUFACTORY!

439 Seventh Street, opposite Old Fellows' Hall, WASHINGTON, D. C.

Silver Medal awarded by Maryland Institute of Art, Baltimore, November 7, 1860.  
Also, Medal by International Exhibition, Philadelphia, 1876.

I am constantly making, and have on hand, of the best material, every description of Fine Sole Leather, Iron Frame, Ladies Dress, Wood Box, Carpet and Travelling Bags.

School Satchels, Saddles, Harness, Trunks, (for keeping Mole out of Fur, and the Wooden Goods) made to order.

Repairing, and Trunks covered, neatly and promptly.

Goods delivered in any part of the city, George Town, and Alexandria, free of charge.

James S. Latham.

### H. S. JOHNSTON, MANUFACTURER OF

#### SADDLES, HARNESS, AND TRUNKS.

Keeps constantly on hand SADDLES, HARNESS, COLLARS, TRUNKS, CARPET BAGS, And all other articles in his line.

Every description of harness, mounted to order, and sold